Occupation	State government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	6,540					6,540					2,420			4,100
Correctional officers and jailers	980					980								980
Psychiatric technicians	520					520					480			40
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	460					460					410			50
Firefighters	340					340								340
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	340					340					30			310
Registered nurses	300					300					180			110
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	210					210								200
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	170					170					100			70
Office clerks, general	120					120					20			100
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	110					110								110
Forest and conservation workers	100					100								100
Human resources specialists	80					80								70
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	80					80								80
Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers	80					80								70
Medical and health services managers	70					70					30			40
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	70					70					50			20
Security guards	60					60					50			
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	60					60					20			40
Management analysts	60					60								60
Physical therapists	60					60					60			
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	60					60								50
Claims adjusters, examiners, and investigators	50					50								40
First-line supervisors of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	50					50								50
Maintenance and repair workers, general	50					50					30			20
Court, municipal, and license clerks	50					50								50
Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists	40					40								40

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 09, 2017

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.